

### Project 1-2 Spatial and Temporal Variation of Extreme Events: Rsearch Update



UNIVERSITÉ DE MONCTON EDMUNDSTON MONCTON SHIPPAGAN

Fahim Ashkar, Ph.D. Professor, Department of Mathematics and Statistics Université de Moncton



## Outline of Research Results Obtained in The Past Year

#### 1)

Assessment of whether/how changes in extreme floods are occurring over time across Canada (D. Burn and collaborators)

Sites from across Canada were considered

Significant regional or local increasing or decreasing trends were identified

Rates of change during the period of record were quantified



### Research Results (continued)

#### 2)

Since non-seasonal flood models do not account for seasonal variability in flood characteristics, there is a need to identify geographical regions with distinct flood sub-populations.



### Research Results (continued)

From daily streamflow data at a site, we developed means of analyzing flood frequencies and their temporal distribution during the year.

This allows, using the peaks over threshold method, to get a seasonal portioning of the year





Figure 5: Diagramme de dispersion des crues

jour julien (x)





5

### Research Results (continued)

## 3)

New results were obtained on the discrimination between statistical distributions for hydrological frequency analysis.

Specifically, discrimination between Gumbel and alternative models was studied, which confirmed some advantages of the Shapiro-Wilk statistic as a discrimination tool.



#### Example: Discrimination between Gumbel (GEV with shape parameter = 0) and GEV with shape parameter = 0.2

	Sample size n					
	10	20	40	60	80	100
RML	62(4)	68(3)	78(2)	83(2)	87(2)	90(1)
TNSW	62(6)	69(4)	78(2)	84(1)	87(0)	90(1)
AD	61(8)	68(6)	76(3)	82(1)	86(1)	88(0)
R	60(6)	65(10)	72(12)	76(12)	80(11)	82(10)



# In the coming year, we will attempt to:

- Identify geographical regions with distinct flood sub-populations.
- Develop Seasonal models for these regions, which should be more appropriate than non-seasonal ones.
- Propose statistical homogeneity tests to evaluate the real need for seasonal modelling at a site or within a region.



# In the coming year, we will attempt to (continued)

Extend our discrimination research, which till now only included discrimination between 2-parameter frequency models, to include 3-parameter ones such as GEV, P3, LP3 and GLO.



#### Thank you!

